

苏教牛津版六年级上册英语

Unit 7 At Christmas

When's Christmas?

It's on the 25th of December.

What do people usually do at Christmas?

They usually give presents to each other.

Did you give any presents to your friends last Christmas?

Merry Christmas!
圣诞节快乐！



Listen, look and answer:

1. What date was it?

It was the 25th of December.

2. Where were Jim's family?

Jim's family were in his grandparents' house.

3. What did they do after lunch?

They opened their presents.

4. Where were the presents?

They were under the Christmas tree.

5. Was everybody very excited?

Yes, everybody was very excited.

Yesterday was Ben's birthday. He had party at home. His friends came to his party and gave him many presents. Jim gave him a card. Helen gave him a football. David gave him a book. Ben liked them all.

Presents	From
a card	Jim
a football	Helen
a book	David

Family members (家庭成员)	Presents (收到什么礼物)	From (来自何人)
Grandfather	a wallet	Grandma
Grandmother	a teapot and some tea	Grandpa
Father	a watch	Grandpa and Grandma
Mother	a hairdryer	Grandpa and Grandma
Jim	calculator and skateboard	Mum and Dad

The wallet is for Grandpa .

The wallet is
from Grandma to Grandpa .

The teapot and the tea are for Grandma

The teapot and the tea are
from Grandpa to Grandma .

The watch is for Dad.

The watch is
from Grandpa and Grandma to Dad.

The hairdryer is for Mum.

The hairdryer is
from Grandpa and Grandma to Mum.

The calculator and the skateboard
is for Jim.

The calculator and the skateboard
is from Mum and Dad to Jim.



A: Whose hairdryer is this?

B: It's Miss Li's.

It's her hairdryer.

It's hers.



A: Whose mirror is this?

B: It's Nancy's.
It's her mirror.
It's hers.



A: Whose is this teapot?

B: It's my grandfather's.

It's his teapot.

It's his.



A: Whose sweaters are these?

B: They're Helen's and Su Hai's.

They're their sweaters.

They're theirs.

词义 类型	我的	你的	他的 她的 它的	我们的 的	你们的 的	他们的 的
形容词性 物主代词	my	your	his her its	our	your	their
名词性 物主代词	mine	yours	his hers its	ours	yours	theirs

形容词性物主代词需要放在被修饰的物品前。如：my bag 我的包

his pen 他的钢笔

its name 它的名字

their classroom 他们的教室

名词性物主代词通常指代前面出现过的物品名称，在下面的文字中为了避免重复。

如：Your pen is here, where's mine?

你的钢笔在这儿，我的呢？

Which watch is bigger, yours or hers?

哪块手表大一些，你的还是她的？

改错

1. Mine wallet is on the bed.
2. This isn't Mike's watch , it's her.
3. Is this your teapot?
No, it's theirs teapot.
4. Whose teacher is he ? He's our.

Thank you !